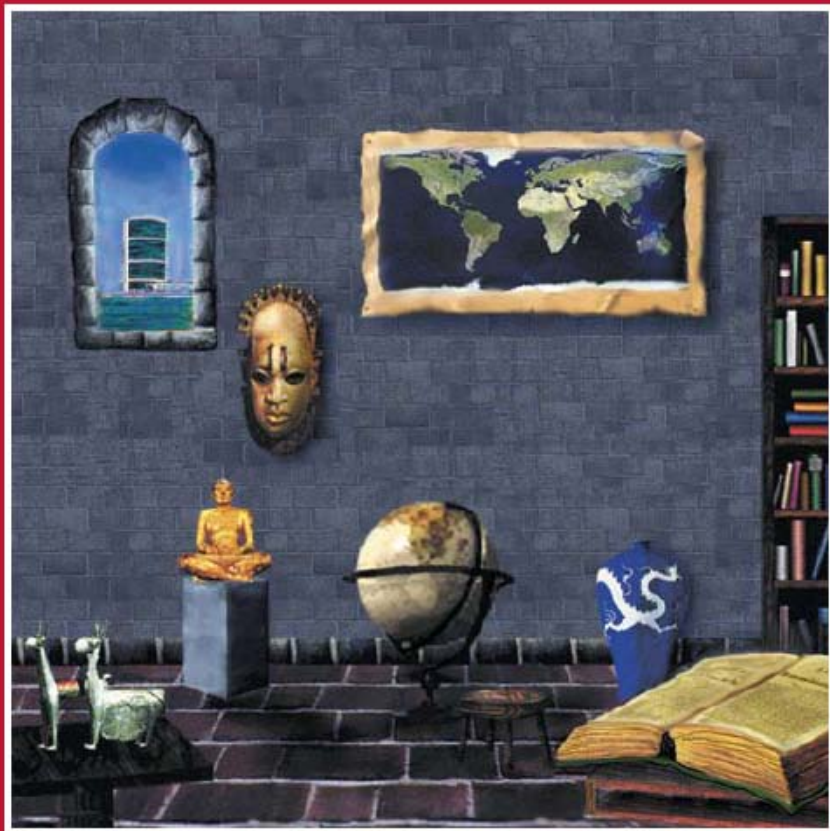


GLOBAL HISTORY & GEOGRAPHY



QUESTION CATALOGUE

Global History

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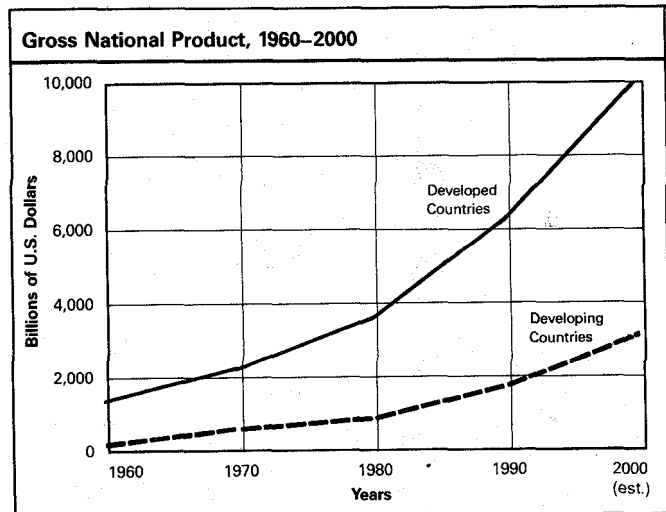
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Base your answers to questions 1023 and 1024 on the graph below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: *A Study of Future Worlds* by Richard A. Falk.

1023. Based on the graph, which is a valid conclusion concerning economic growth in developing and developed countries?

- (1) By 2000, the economic growth rate in developing countries will be greater than that of developed countries.
- (2) Between 1990 and 2000, the economic growth rate will probably decrease in developed countries.
- (3) Between 1980 and 1990, the economic growth rate was faster in developing countries than in developed countries.
- (4) **Between 1960 and 2000, the difference in the economic growth rate between developed and developing countries has increased and will continue to increase.**

1024. Which situation best accounts for the trend that is shown in the graph?

- (1) **Developing countries have many problems that interfere with economic growth.**
- (2) The world's population is moving from urban to rural areas.
- (3) Developed countries rely heavily on unskilled labor.
- (4) Developing countries have succeeded in establishing workable food-distribution systems.

605. The basic characteristic of the economies of most traditional agrarian societies is

- (1) surplus crops
- (2) **subsistence farming**
- (3) large reserves of investment capital
- (4) a variety of crops for export

604. Which factor is the best indicator of the wealth of a nation?

- (1) **gross national product (GNP)**
- (2) prime interest rate
- (3) number of millionaires
- (4) defense spending

594. • Japan buys oil from the Middle East.
 • Colombia sells coffee to the United States.
 • Great Britain joins the European Community.
 • Poland buys natural gas from Russia.

These statements all relate to the concept of

- (1) balance of power
- (2) **interdependence**
- (3) isolationism
- (4) imperialism

366. As global interdependence spreads, it increases the need for

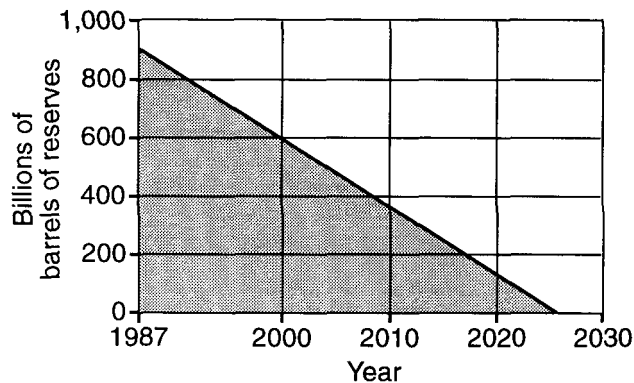
- (1) trade restrictions between nations
- (2) the resumption of colonialism
- (3) **economic cooperation between nations**
- (4) a self-sufficient national economy

329. Which factor is a common characteristic of a subsistence economy?

- (1) **a barely adequate supply of food**
- (2) a highly skilled labor force
- (3) high levels of capital investment
- (4) dependence on the export of goods

317. Base your answer on the graph below and on your knowledge of social studies.

Reserves of Oil (projected to 2030)



Which action will help slow the trend indicated by the graph?

- (1) expanding Green Revolution technology
- (2) increasing industrialization in developing nations
- (3) **using alternative energy sources**
- (4) lowering worldwide oil prices

996. In a present-day Chinese village, which situation illustrates the influence of traditional Confucian beliefs?
- (1) People share the profits of a communal farm.
 - (2) Students threaten factory managers accused of unfair labor practices.
 - (3) Young people respect their parents' wishes when choosing a spouse.**
 - (4) A young man decides to open his own business for profit.

988. Base your answer on the song below and on your knowledge of social studies.

My father called me "lazy"!
But with what has he paid the tax?
With the earnings of my work.
If he insults me again, I will go to Ketao.
There I will find a truck for Kumasi,
And I will earn money for myself!

—Song of the young men of a
town in Benin (Dahomey)

The views expressed in this song are most likely the result of

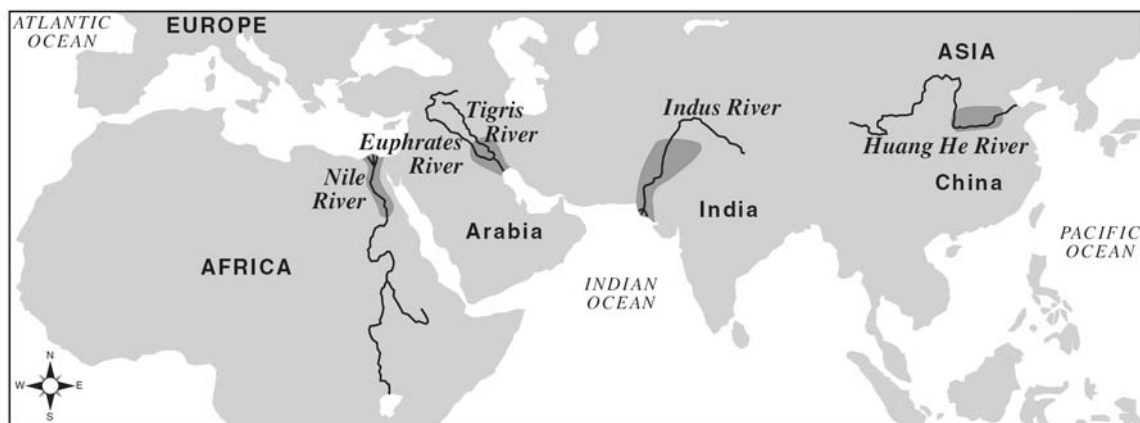
- (1) a return to the traditional customs of rural areas
 - (2) cultural changes brought on by urbanization**
 - (3) a governmental policy about working conditions
 - (4) a resurgence of religious and ethnic pride
986. In the broadest definition, the term "culture" means that
- (1) art museums, symphony orchestras, and theater productions are part of all civilizations
 - (2) more complex languages are found in developing societies
 - (3) a centralized form of government organizes and directs the economy
 - (4) a distinct way of living and behaving is learned by the members of a society**
976. Which conclusion can be drawn from a study of buildings such as the Parthenon in Athens, the Cathedral of Notre Dame in Paris, and the Taj Mahal in India?
- (1) Major architectural structures tend to fall quickly into disrepair.
 - (2) Most governments commission extravagant architecture.
 - (3) Architecture often reflects the values of a culture.**
 - (4) Military victories are often commemorated by the construction of great buildings.
932. A traditional society is most likely to
- (1) discourage rapid population growth
 - (2) reduce the influence of religious leaders
 - (3) emphasize the well-being of the individual over that of society
 - (4) accept only limited social change**

916. The Chinese called their land "Middle Kingdom." Europeans often used the term "backward" to refer to China.

These statements best illustrate

- (1) the failure of geographers to establish a universal terminology
 - (2) the importance of East Asia in world history
 - (3) the adoption of policies of nonalignment
 - (4) attitudes of ethnocentrism in both cultures**
877. The dominance of the Spanish language in Latin America and the continued use of the French language in Senegal are examples of
- (1) cultural diffusion**
 - (2) social mobility
 - (3) humanism
 - (4) Marxism
821. The presence of Islam in India, Malaysia, Singapore, and Indonesia is an example of
- (1) utopian socialism
 - (2) cultural diffusion**
 - (3) ethnocentrism
 - (4) nationalism
769. A major characteristic of most traditional societies is that
- (1) the individual's needs are more important than the group's needs are
 - (2) great emphasis is placed on developing new technologies
 - (3) elders are respected for their experience and wisdom**
 - (4) many opportunities exist for social mobility
713. In most societies, works of art and architecture generally serve to
- (1) satisfy the needs of the leaders
 - (2) limit the influence of religion
 - (3) reflect the values of that society**
 - (4) express opposition to the government in power
701. Strong feelings of nationalism usually begin with the existence of
- (1) abundant natural resources
 - (2) democratic traditions
 - (3) a common history, language, and culture**
 - (4) imperialistic ambitions
533. The ancient Chinese expression "Middle Kingdom" and the European terms "Near East" and "Far East" best reflect
- (1) the impact of the Enlightenment on global thinking
 - (2) an improved knowledge of world geography
 - (3) an objective view of the world's cultures
 - (4) the influence of ethnocentrism on geographic perspective**
375. The dominance of Christianity in Latin America and of Buddhism in Southeast Asia is a direct result of
- (1) racial intolerance
 - (2) cultural diffusion**
 - (3) urbanization
 - (4) militarism

3655. Base your answer to the following question on the map below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: Charles F. Gritzner, *Exploring Our World, Past and Present*, D. C. Heath and Company (adapted)

The main purpose of this map is to illustrate the location of

- (1) overseas trade routes
- (2) early belief systems
- (3) **river valley civilizations**
- (4) burial sites of ancient rulers

3233. Which heading best completes this partial outline?

- I. _____
- A. Natural boundaries of desert, mountains, and the sea
 - B. Yearly flooding to enrich farmlands
 - C. Old and Middle Kingdoms
 - D. Production of papyrus plant

- (1) **Egypt—Gift of the Nile**
- (2) Mesopotamia—Land Between the Rivers
- (3) China’s Sorrow—Huang He River
- (4) Harappa—City on the Indus

2924. One reason the Euphrates, Indus, Nile, and Tigris valleys became centers of early civilization is that these valleys had

- (1) borders and elevations that were easy to defend
- (2) rich deposits of coal and iron ores
- (3) **the means for irrigation and transportation**
- (4) locations in regions of moderate climate and abundant rainfall

2562. Which factor led to the prosperity and success of the world’s early civilizations?

- (1) formation of democratic governments
- (2) development of monotheism
- (3) acceptance of gender equality
- (4) **location in river valleys**

2076. Which factor influenced the development of ancient civilizations along river valleys?

- (1) **fertile soil**
- (2) dry climate
- (3) oil-rich tundra
- (4) dense rain forests

2502. Which statement concerning how geography has influenced Africa is most accurate?

- (1) The lack of natural barriers has made it easy to conquer Africa.
- (2) The expanse of the Sahara Desert has encouraged trade to develop in this region.
- (3) The rainfall in the Sahel has provided Africa with most of its crops.
- (4) **The topography of Africa has limited migration and economic development.**

2501. The river valleys of the Tigris-Euphrates, Huang Ho (Yellow River), and Indus were centers of early civilization because they

- (1) had rich deposits of iron ore and coal
- (2) were isolated from other cultural influences
- (3) **contained rich soils from annual floods**
- (4) were easy to defend from invasion

1603. Which statement best explains why most of the population of the People’s Republic of China live in the eastern third of the nation?

- (1) **The best agricultural land is in the east.**
- (2) The largest forests are in the east.
- (3) The best fishing areas are off the eastern coast.
- (4) The largest oil deposits are in the east.

1542. Which is the main reason for the heavy population concentration in the eastern regions of the People’s Republic of China?

- (1) The Chinese capital is located in the east.
- (2) **Most of China’s fertile farmland is located in the east.**
- (3) Most of China’s oil resources are located in the Yangtze River Valley.
- (4) Overland trade with China’s neighbors declined.

3858. Which ancient civilization is associated with the Twelve Tables, an extensive road system, and the poets Horace and Virgil?
 (1) Babylonian (3) Phoenician
 (2) Greek (4) **Roman**
3795. Which description accurately identifies Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle?
 (1) rulers of the Roman Republic
 (2) artists of the Italian Renaissance
 (3) religious leaders of the Protestant Reformation
 (4) **philosophers of ancient Greece**
3585. One contribution of ancient Roman culture was the development of
 (1) the concept of zero
 (2) the process of making silk
 (3) **a republican form of government**
 (4) the printing press
3537. The Pillars of Emperor Asoka of the Mauryan Empire and the Code of Hammurabi of Babylon are most similar to the
 (1) ziggurats of Sumeria
 (2) map projections of Mercator
 (3) Great Sphinx of the Egyptians
 (4) **Twelve Tables of the Romans**
3234. • Roman women could own property.
 • Roman women could make wills leaving their property to whomever they chose.
- A valid conclusion drawn from these facts is that Roman women
 (1) had the right to vote
 (2) **enjoyed some legal rights**
 (3) were equal to men
 (4) could hold political offices
3150. The Twelve Tables, Justinian’s Code, and the English Bill of Rights are similar in that each addresses the issue of
 (1) social mobility
 (2) economic development
 (3) **the individual and the state**
 (4) the importance of religion
3054. One way in which the Twelve Tables and Justinian’s Code were similar is that both provided
 (1) **a standardized system of laws**
 (2) a means of achieving social equality
 (3) the freedom to pursue their own religion
 (4) the right to a public education
2988. China under the Han dynasty and the Roman Empire were similar in that both grew wealthy because they
 (1) **developed extensive trade networks**
 (2) created classless societies
 (3) encouraged democratic ideals
 (4) established free-market economies

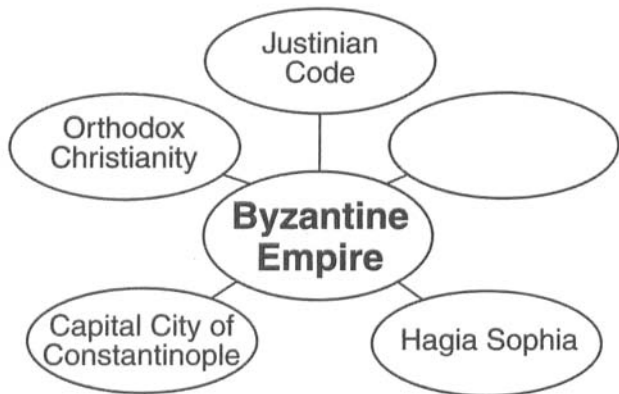
2844. One way in which the Twelve Tables, the Justinian Code, and the Napoleonic Code were similar is that they
 (1) emphasized social equality
 (2) **provided a written set of laws**
 (3) established democratic governments
 (4) proposed economic goals
2782. One way in which the Twelve Tables of Rome, the Code of Hammurabi, and the Justinian Code were similar is that they established
 (1) trade agreements with neighboring countries
 (2) tolerance for the different religions of their people
 (3) **written legal systems**
 (4) social class equality
2740. One way in which the Han dynasty and the Roman Empire were similar is that both
 (1) governed large areas around the Mediterranean Sea
 (2) created democratic societies in which people elected their government officials
 (3) developed a social system in which great equality existed
 (4) **promoted unity and communication by building a strong system of roads**
2564. The importance of the Code of Hammurabi, the Twelve Tables, and the Justinian Code is that they
 (1) **established legal principles**
 (2) instituted democratic governments
 (3) provided religious freedom
 (4) promoted equality for all classes
1616. An immediate result of the fall of the Roman Empire was
 (1) a renewed interest in education and the arts
 (2) **a period of disorder and weak central government**
 (3) an increase in trade and manufacturing
 (4) the growth of cities and dominance by the middle class
1558. The political system of the ancient Roman Empire was characterized by
 (1) **a strong central government**
 (2) rule by a coalition of emperors and religious leaders
 (3) universal suffrage in national elections
 (4) strict adherence to constitutional principles
1333. The ancient Romans' most significant contribution to Europe has been in the area of
 (1) economics (3) drama
 (2) poetry (4) **law**
933. Which of these ancient civilizations had the most influence on the Western concepts of civil and natural law?
 (1) **Rome** (3) Aztec
 (2) China (4) Mesopotamia

4189. One way in which Suleiman the Magnificent and Akbar the Great are similar is that they both brought about periods of
- (1) **political stability and religious tolerance**
 - (2) religious conquest and persecution
 - (3) isolationism and cultural stagnation
 - (4) modernization and political disunity
4150. One way in which the ancient Inca Empire and the Roman Empire are similar is that both
- (1) fought rivals for control of the sea
 - (2) adopted Christianity as the state religion
 - (3) traded with other civilizations along the Silk Road
 - (4) **built a system of roadways throughout their empires**

4052. The early Russian civilization adopted the Eastern Orthodox religion, the Cyrillic alphabet, and different styles of art and architecture through contact with
- (1) traders from China
 - (2) conquering Mongol invaders
 - (3) Vikings from northern Europe
 - (4) **missionaries from the Byzantine Empire**

3990. A major contribution of the Byzantine Empire was the
- (1) invention of the wheel and gunpowder
 - (2) participation of citizens in government
 - (3) diffusion of Hindu beliefs
 - (4) **preservation of Greek science and Roman engineering**

3923. Base your answer to the following question on the graphic organizer below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Which item best completes this graphic organizer?

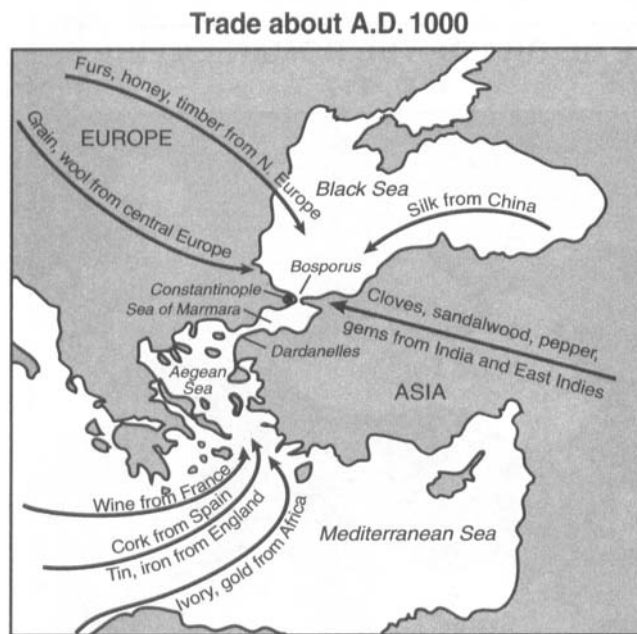
- (1) Development of the Wheel
- (2) **Preservation of Greek and Roman Culture**
- (3) Creation of the Compass
- (4) Utilization of Cuneiform Which item best completes this graphic organizer?

3860. Which title best completes the partial outline below?

- I. _____
- A. Incorporation of European and Arabic ideas in architecture
 - B. Preservation of Greco-Roman ideas
 - C. Spread of Orthodox Christianity into Russia
 - D. Development of Justinian Code

- (1) Age of Discovery
- (2) **Byzantine Empire**
- (3) Persian Empire
- (4) Crusades

3738. Base your answer to the following question on the map below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: Farah and Karls, *World History, The Human Experience*, Glencoe/McGraw-Hill (adapted)

Based on the information provided by this map, which statement about Constantinople is accurate?

- (1) Africans traded more goods in Constantinople than in any other area.
- (2) Constantinople was a city located on the Mediterranean Sea.
- (3) Gold was the primary commodity that China sent to Constantinople.
- (4) **Constantinople was an important trading center.**

3586. What is considered one of the Byzantine Empire's greatest contributions to western European society?

- (1) spreading Hinduism throughout the region
- (2) supporting the Catholic Church
- (3) defeating the Mongols at Kiev
- (4) **preserving Greek and Roman culture**

2991. “. . . Christian warriors, He who gave His life for you, today demands yours in return. These are combats worthy of you, combats in which it is glorious to conquer and advantageous to die. Illustrious knights, generous defenders of the Cross, remember the examples of your fathers who conquered Jerusalem, and whose names are inscribed in Heaven; abandon then the things that perish, to gather unfading palms, and conquer a Kingdom which has no end.”
— St. Bernard of Clairvaux

This statement was most likely used to encourage people to

- (1) repel a Viking invasion
- (2) stop advancement of the Huns in Europe
- (3) join the Crusades**
- (4) force Russians to convert to Catholicism

2872. Which heading would be best for the partial outline below?

- | |
|---|
| <p>I. _____</p> <p>A. Desire to be released from feudal obligations</p> <p>B. Defense of the Holy Land</p> <p>C. Forgiveness of sins</p> <p>D. Desire for wealth from the Middle East</p> |
|---|

- (1) Reasons for the Reformation
- (2) European Motives for Fighting the Crusades**
- (3) Causes of the Fall of the Roman Empire
- (4) Reasons for the Split Between the Eastern and Western Churches

2685. Base your answer to the following question on the quotation below and on your knowledge of social studies.

“Come then, with all your people and give battle with all your strength, so that all this treasure shall not fall into the hands of the Turks. . . . Therefore act while there is still time lest the kingdom of the Christians shall vanish from your sight. . . . And in your coming you will find your reward in heaven. . . .”

— Emperor Alexius Comnenus,
quoted in *The Dream and the Tomb*

Which event is referred to in this quotation?

- (1) Enlightenment
- (2) French Revolution
- (3) Glorious Revolution
- (4) Crusades**

2572. Which situation is considered a cause of the other three?

- (1) development of a European middle class
- (2) increase in European demand for Eastern goods
- (3) European renewal of interest in learning
- (4) European involvement in the Crusades**

2199. Which statement expresses a direct result of the Crusades?

- (1) The volume of trade decreased as the manors became self-sufficient.
- (2) Christians gained permanent control of the Holy Land.
- (3) The power of European nations declined because of a lack of interest in world affairs.
- (4) Contact with the Muslim and Byzantine worlds brought new ideas to Western Europe.**

2134. A major goal of the Christian Church during the Crusades (1096 – 1291) was to

- (1) establish Christianity in western Europe
- (2) capture the Holy Land from Islamic rulers**
- (3) unite warring Arab peoples
- (4) strengthen English dominance in the Arab world

2044. The Crusades have been called "history's most successful failures."

Which statement best explains this expression?

- (1) The Crusades did not achieve their original goals, but they brought about many desirable changes in Europe.**
- (2) Although the Crusaders captured the Holy Land, they were unable to bring about democratic reforms.
- (3) The Crusades helped bring about the fall of the Roman Empire.
- (4) The Crusaders prevented the Turks from capturing Constantinople for many centuries.

1559. In Europe a long-term effect of the Crusades was

- (1) the strengthening of the feudal system
- (2) the adoption of Islamic religious practices
- (3) an increased demand for goods from the East**
- (4) increased European isolation

1504. Which is the most valid generalization about the Crusades?

- (1) The Crusades strengthened the power of the serfs in Europe.
- (2) The Crusades increased trade between Europe and Asia.**
- (3) The Crusades brought European influence to Africa.
- (4) The Crusades supported the idea of religious tolerance.

1394. Which statement best describes the result of the Crusades?

- (1) Europeans maintained a lasting control over much of the Middle East.
- (2) Islamic influence dominated Europe.
- (3) Europeans developed a tolerance of non-Christian religions.
- (4) Trade between Europe and the Middle East was expanded.**

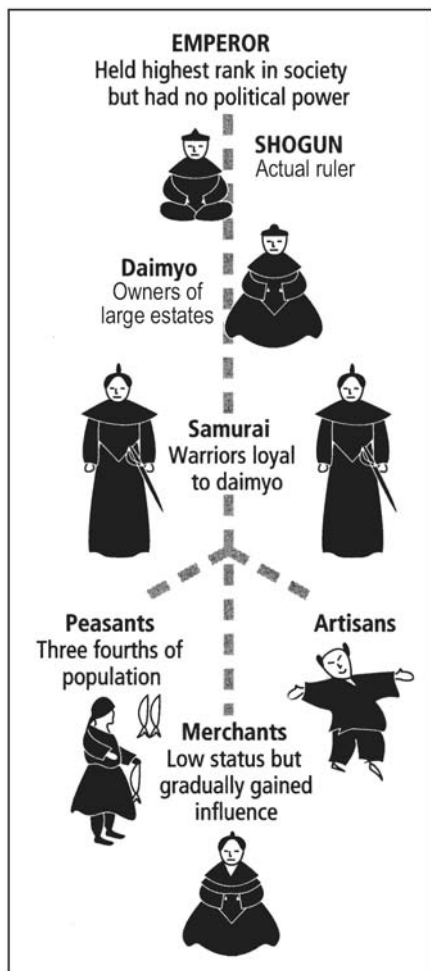
4183. What is a primary characteristic of a feudal society?

- (1) a representative government
- (2) economic equality for all
- (3) protection of individual rights
- (4) **an exchange of land for services**

4086. In European and Japanese feudal societies, social status was usually determined by

- (1) marriage
- (2) **birth**
- (3) individual abilities
- (4) education and training

3587. Base your answer to the following question on the diagram below.



Source: *Guide to the Essentials of World History*, Prentice Hall, 1999 (adapted)

Which type of political and social order is shown in this diagram?

- (1) theocratic
- (2) tribal
- (3) fascist
- (4) **feudal**

2870. One way in which the code of chivalry in Europe and the code of Bushido in Japan were similar is that both codes were intended to

- (1) help the ruler control his people
- (2) **guide the behavior of a warrior class**
- (3) benefit all the social classes
- (4) support revolutionary ideas

1274. Which characteristic is found in traditional Japanese society?

- (1) Each person is considered equal.
- (2) The rights of the individual are more important than those of the family.
- (3) **Women are expected to be obedient to men.**
- (4) Young people are free to choose their occupation.

1031. The societies of feudal Japan and medieval Europe were similar in that they

- (1) emphasized learning about new cultures
- (2) promoted the exploration of other lands
- (3) **maintained a rigid social class structure**
- (4) encouraged scientific experimentation

977. The code of chivalry in Europe and the code of Bushido in Japan illustrate that

- (1) **different societies develop similar systems to meet similar needs**
- (2) vast societal differences exist between Eastern and Western cultures
- (3) force is often used by nations to conquer other nations
- (4) the lower classes in society often want to be controlled by the upper classes

866. During the feudal periods in Japan and Europe, a family's wealth was mainly determined by the

- (1) **amount of land the family controlled**
- (2) number of children in the family
- (3) size of the castles built by the family
- (4) value of the family's gifts to religious leaders

809. A characteristic of both European and Japanese feudalism was

- (1) **a decentralized government**
- (2) the adoption of Christianity
- (3) an open democratic society
- (4) the many opportunities for social mobility

264. The code of bushido of the Japanese samurai is most similar to the

- (1) belief in reincarnation and karma of Hindus
- (2) **practice of chivalry by European knights**
- (3) teachings of Judaism
- (4) theory of natural rights of the Enlightenment writers

3871. Base your answer to the following question on the map below and on your knowledge of social studies.



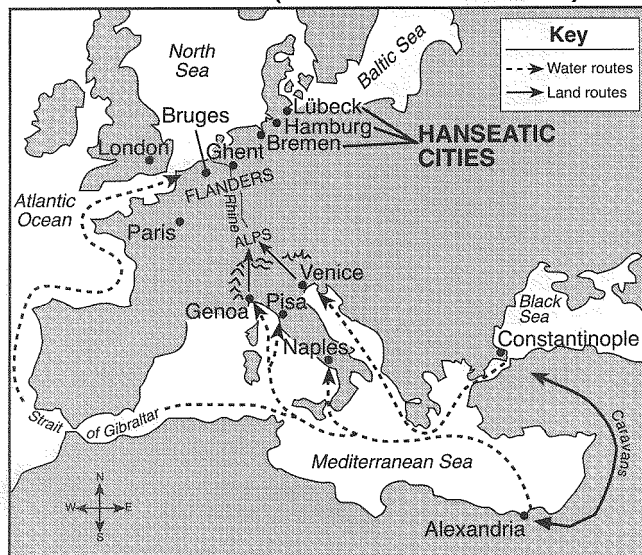
Source: Peter N. Stearns et al., *World Civilizations: The Global Experience*, Pearson (adapted)

Which generalization is best supported by the information on this map?

- (1) No trade occurred between East Africa and the Persian Gulf region.
- (2) **The monsoon winds influenced trade between East Africa and India.**
- (3) Trading states developed primarily in the interior of East Africa.
- (4) Trade encouraged the spread of Islam from East Africa to Arabia.

Base your answers to questions 2993 and 2994 on the map below and on your knowledge of social studies.

Trade Routes (13th–15th centuries)



Source: Steven Goldberg and Judith Clark DuPré, *Brief Review in Global History and Geography*, Prentice Hall (adapted)

2993. One reason for the success of the cities in the Hanseatic League and the Italian city-states was that both were

- (1) protected by mountains
- (2) isolated from the rest of Europe
- (3) **accessible by water**
- (4) close to a network of navigable rivers

2994. Which economic practice developed as a result of the growth of the trade routes shown on the map?

- (1) **capitalism**
- (2) hunting and gathering
- (3) subsistence farming
- (4) manorialism

190. As the Middle Ages ended, the rise of a middle class in western Europe can be attributed to the

- (1) economic policies of the Roman Empire
- (2) **increase in trade that resulted from the Crusades**
- (3) strength of Christianity in medieval Europe
- (4) self-sufficiency of the manor system

166. Despite increasing contact with the Chinese prior to the 19th century, Europeans had little impact on China's culture mainly because

- (1) **the Chinese viewed their culture as superior to that of the Europeans**
- (2) the Europeans had forbidden their missionaries from going to China
- (3) Japanese culture had become the dominant culture in China
- (4) Confucian custom prohibited the Chinese from speaking to the Europeans

3305. • Timbuktu is known as a great center of learning and trade.
• Walls of Great Zimbabwe reveal a powerful and rich society.
• Complex culture produces brass sculptures in Benin.

What generalization can be made on the basis of these statements?

- (1) Religious beliefs were the most important element in many African societies.
- (2) **Some African societies achieved a high level of economic and cultural development.**
- (3) North African societies were more advanced than South African societies.
- (4) Most African societies were hundreds of years behind Asian societies in using technology.

2996. “. . . The King is a declared enemy of the Jews. He will not allow any to live in the city. If he hears it said that a Berber merchant frequents them or does business with them, he confiscates his goods. There are in Timbuktu numerous judges, teachers, and priests, all properly appointed by the king. He greatly honors learning. Many handwritten books imported from Barbary are also sold. There is more profit made from this commerce than from all other merchandise”

— Leo Africanus, *The*

Description of Africa, 1526

This passage suggests Timbuktu was a city that

- (1) participated frequently in war
- (2) **emphasized literacy and trade**
- (3) protected the human rights of all citizens
- (4) selected political leaders through democratic elections

2806.

Items travelers found on a study tour

Masks, expressing supernatural forces
Bronze plaques, providing detailed descriptions of life in Benin
Tension drums and rattles that can produce polyrhythmic music
Drawings of Kilwa’s Great Mosque

From this evidence, a social scientist could conclude that the tour visited sites that reflect the culture of the

- (1) Mughal Empire of South Asia
- (2) Ottoman Empire
- (3) **African civilizations of West Africa**
- (4) Frankish Empire

2689. Mansa Musa commissioned great mosques to be built in Timbuktu, Mali’s capital, and in other Mali cities. Under Musa’s patronage, Muslim scholarship flourished, and Timbuktu began its tenure as an important center of learning. This public display of wealth and power enhanced Mali’s reputation and prestige throughout the world.

Which phrase best describes Mali under the rule of Mansa Musa?

- (1) **a golden age**
- (2) a poverty-stricken era
- (3) a decade of colonial unrest
- (4) a period of political chaos

2021. The contributions of the ancient civilizations of Ghana, Axum, Kush, and Mali demonstrate that

- (1) industrial technology was needed for African civilizations to develop
- (2) many African civilizations developed in southern Africa
- (3) most of the African Continent was unified under a single political system
- (4) **advanced societies developed in Africa before Europeans colonized this region**

1614. In the ancient kingdom of Mali and in the Roman Republic, an important feature of life was the development of

- (1) **codified laws**
- (2) social and political equality
- (3) the Islamic religion
- (4) agricultural communes

917. One way in which the Maya, the Gupta, and the Songhai cultures were similar is that they

- (1) were destroyed by military forces of European nations
- (2) **developed great civilizations without major influence from western Europe**
- (3) depended on trade with European nations to remain economically powerful
- (4) emerged from nationalist movements of the 20th century

714. Before West African civilizations had contact with Europeans, these civilizations developed

- (1) **art that included bronze, gold, and clay sculptures**
- (2) economies that did not rely on trade
- (3) one system of government for the entire region
- (4) social systems that emphasized the nuclear family

440. Which conclusion can be drawn from a study of the early civilizations of Axum, Kush, Mali, and Songhai?

- (1) These African societies flourished at the same time.
- (2) Farming was more extensive in the Nile River Valley than it was in the Fertile Crescent.
- (3) The Neolithic Revolution first occurred in Africa.
- (4) **These societies had a long and rich history before their first contact with Europeans.**

3066. The purpose of colonies is to ship raw materials to the colonial power and buy finished goods from the colonial power.

This statement reflects the basic idea of which economic system?

- (1) socialism
- (2) communism
- (3) **mercantilism**
- (4) capitalism

2940. Which economic theory, developed in the 17th century, supported European colonialism?

- (1) socialism
- (2) **mercantilism**
- (3) bartering
- (4) feudalism

2697. "In three or four months . . . more than seven thousand children died of hunger, their fathers and mothers have been taken to the mines. . . . Thus they [Spaniards] ruined and depopulated all this island [Cuba]."

— Bartolome de Las Casas, 1552,
The Brief Account of the Destruction of the Indies

The event described in the quotation illustrates

- (1) **a result of the "Encounter"**
- (2) the forced migration of Native Americans to Spain
- (3) the dangerous effects of mining without proper equipment
- (4) an impact of Enlightenment philosophers

2692. Which statement best illustrates the concept of European mercantilism during the Age of Exploration?

- (1) England encouraged free trade among its colonies.
- (2) Spain reduced exports to its South American colonies.
- (3) **Portugal sought trade benefits from its colonial possessions.**
- (4) France refused to give financial support to weak national industries.

2578. Under the policy of mercantilism, colonial powers considered their colonies to be

- (1) independent nations that traded throughout the world
- (2) independent nations that had special relationships with European powers
- (3) **possessions to benefit the imperial power**
- (4) possessions being prepared for independence

2177. The economic policy of mercantilism first developed during the

- (1) **Age of Exploration**
- (2) Enlightenment
- (3) Cold War
- (4) Green Revolution

1408. The concept of mercantilism is best illustrated by the

- (1) political structure of China during the Chou dynasty
- (2) social kinship system of the Ashanti people
- (3) military strategies of the armies of the Roman Empire
- (4) **economic relationship between Spain and its Latin American colonies**

2080. Base your answer to the following question on the statements below and on your knowledge of social studies.

Statement A: The might of a country consists of gaining surpluses of gold and silver.

Statement B: A nation's strength is found in economic independence and the maintenance of a favorable balance of trade.

Statement C: We need to gain colonies both as sources for raw materials and as markets for our manufactured goods.

Which economic system is being described by these statements?

- (1) traditional
- (2) feudal
- (3) command
- (4) **mercantile**

1279. Which statement best describes the economy in Latin America during colonial times?

- (1) Little direct trade existed between Latin American and European nations.
- (2) **European nations practiced a mercantilistic system in Latin America.**
- (3) Few Latin Americans were interested in economic development.
- (4) The United States greatly influenced economic decision making in Latin America.

1062. Which was a characteristic of the policy of mercantilism followed by Spanish colonial rulers in Latin America?

- (1) The colonies were forced to develop local industries to support themselves.
- (2) Spain sought trade agreements between its colonies and the English colonies in North America.
- (3) **The colonies were required to provide raw materials to Spain and to purchase Spanish manufactured goods.**
- (4) Spain encouraged the colonies to develop new political systems to meet colonial needs.

963. During the Commercial Revolution, the joint stock company was developed to meet the needs of

- (1) communism
- (2) **mercantilism**
- (3) socialism
- (4) feudalism

950. In the 16th and 17th centuries in Latin America, European mercantilism led to

- (1) **exploitation of people and resources**
- (2) the growth of democratic forms of government
- (3) the rejection of Spanish culture
- (4) opposition to the Catholic Church

581. According to the theory of mercantilism, colonies should be

- (1) **acquired as markets and sources of raw materials**
- (2) considered an economic burden for the colonial power
- (3) granted independence as soon as possible
- (4) encouraged to develop their own industries

3069. The writings of Jean Jacques Rousseau, Baron de Montesquieu, and John Locke were similar in that each supported the principles of
- (1) a military dictatorship (3) a theocratic society
(2) an autocracy (4) **a democratic republic**

2945. "When the legislative and executive powers are united in the same person, or in the same body of magistrates [government officials], there can be no liberty; because apprehensions [fears] may arise, lest the same monarch or senate should enact tyrannical laws to execute them in a tyrannical manner. . . ."

— Baron de Montesquieu, *Spirit of the Laws*

Which solution would Baron de Montesquieu offer to avoid the enactment of tyrannical laws?

- (1) granting freedom of speech
(2) reinstating absolute monarchies
(3) **separating the branches of government**
(4) limiting natural laws
2882. One similarity of the Scientific Revolution and the Enlightenment is that both
- (1) had the support of the Roman Catholic Church
(2) placed great value on traditional beliefs
(3) **emphasized the value of human reasoning**
(4) contributed to the end of feudalism
2645. Base your answer to the following question on the quotations below and on your knowledge of social studies.

"The rule of law is more powerful than the rule of the tyrant."

— Simon Bolivar

"Whoever has the . . . supreme power . . . is bound to govern by established standing laws."

— John Locke

The statements above were expressed during which period of European history?

- (1) Pax Romana (3) **Enlightenment**
(2) Middle Ages (4) Renaissance

Base your answers to questions **2579** and **2580** on the quotation below and on your knowledge of social studies.

"We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness"

2579. This statement best expresses the philosophy of
- (1) Adam Smith (3) Thomas Hobbes
(2) Karl Marx (4) **John Locke**

2580. The statement best represents the values of
- (1) **the Enlightenment** (3) feudalism
(2) Social Darwinism (4) communism

2211. What was a belief of many writers of the Enlightenment?

- (1) The wealthy class should govern society.
(2) People are basically evil.
(3) Kings are responsible only to God.
(4) **Ideas can be proven by reason.**

2086. A major concept promoted by philosophers of the Enlightenment was the need for

- (1) a return to traditional medieval ideas
(2) **the use of reason for rational and logical thinking**
(3) overseas expansion by western European nations
(4) strengthening the power of the organized religions

1396. The writers and philosophers of the Enlightenment believed that government decisions should be based on

- (1) fundamental religious beliefs
(2) the concept of divine right of kings
(3) **laws of nature and reason**
(4) traditional values

1336. European political thinkers who supported the Enlightenment believed that

- (1) religious tolerance is a dangerous concept
(2) an absolute monarchy is the most effective government
(3) **governments should protect the rights of people**
(4) civil liberties should be given as rewards for political loyalty

907. Writers of the Enlightenment were primarily interested in

- (1) **changing the relationship between people and their government**
(2) supporting the divine right theory
(3) debating the role of the Church in society
(4) promoting increased powers for European monarchs

854. Which theme is most heavily emphasized in the writings of Plato, Niccolò Machiavelli, and John Locke?

- (1) the economic interpretation of history
(2) the elimination of all political opposition
(3) **the nature and purpose of government**
(4) the benefits of invading other nations

800. The writings of the Enlightenment philosophers in Europe encouraged later political revolution with their support of

- (1) socialism
(2) imperialism
(3) **the natural rights of man**
(4) the divine right monarchies

1565. A main idea of Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels' Communist Manifesto is that the proletariat
- (1) would need foreign help to achieve its revolutionary ends
 - (2) had to cooperate with the capitalists to gain economic rewards
 - (3) should allow the capitalists to control the means of production
 - (4) **must unite to overthrow the capitalist class**
1512. Which statement best reflects the theories of Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels?
- (1) Workers can expect that working conditions will improve as a result of government legislation.
 - (2) Owners of businesses will eventually realize that conditions for workers must be improved.
 - (3) Workers will experience an improved standard of living as capitalism matures.
 - (4) **Workers will change working conditions by revolutionary means.**
1453. Karl Marx believed that a proletarian revolution was more likely to occur as a society became more
- (1) religious
 - (2) militarized
 - (3) **industrialized**
 - (4) democratic
1341. Base your answer on the poem below and on your knowledge of social studies.
- "For oh," say the children, "We are weary,
And we cannot run or leap;
If we cared for any meadows, it were merely
To drop down in them and sleep
And, underneath our heavy eyelids drooping
The reddest flower would look as pale as snow
For, all day, we drive the wheels of iron
In the factories, round and round."
- This poem expresses concern for the
- (1) need for on-site day-care facilities in factories
 - (2) increasing use of automation in factories
 - (3) pollution of the environment by industrial waste
 - (4) **exploitation of children in factory jobs**
1294. According to Karl Marx, history is the record of the
- (1) granting of more political liberties to all people
 - (2) **struggle between classes in society**
 - (3) wars and conflicts between national leaders
 - (4) increasing prosperity brought about by industrialization
746. Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels developed a theory that economic conditions would significantly improve for the working class only when
- (1) governments accepted the capitalist system
 - (2) workers negotiated with the capitalists
 - (3) the bourgeoisie became the ruling class
 - (4) **workers controlled the means of production**

1340. Base your answer on the drawing below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Angry workers smash a spinning jenny in 19th-century England.

The drawing illustrates workers' reactions to which development of the Industrial Revolution?

- (1) **machines replacing workers**
 - (2) slum housing conditions
 - (3) rise of unions
 - (4) equal sharing of profits with workers
1183. Base your answer to the following question on the speakers' statements below and on your knowledge of social studies.

Speaker A: All power derives from God to his earthly representative the king.

Speaker B: Governments are instituted by people to protect life, liberty and property. People have the right to replace a government that fails to protect their rights.

Speaker C: History is a struggle between the "haves and have-nots." Workers of world will overthrow the bourgeoisie and create a classless society.

Speaker D: Self-interest drives people to action. Government should allow each individual to pursue his or her own goals.

Which speaker expresses ideas similar to those of Karl Marx?

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D

4338. Which policy is most directly associated with the terms *spheres of influence*, *extraterritoriality*, and *protectorate*?

- (1) collectivization (3) isolationism
(2) containment (4) **imperialism**

4068. The term *empire* is best defined as

- (1) a political unit that has a common religious faith
(2) a government ruled by the consent of the people
(3) **an extensive territory under the rule of a single authority**
(4) a country that requires conquered peoples to assimilate

3941. What was a principal reason for the success of European colonialism in Asia in the late 1800s?

- (1) Asians respected Europeans as representatives of an advanced civilization.
(2) **Europe was able to dominate military and commercial relations with Asia.**
(3) Europeans respected Asian laws and customs.
(4) Many Asians adopted European religious practices.

3817. Commodore Matthew Perry's visits to Japan in 1853 and 1854 resulted in the

- (1) colonization of Japan by the United States
(2) transfer of spheres of influence to China
(3) introduction of Christianity to Japanese society
(4) **opening of trade and diplomatic relations with Japan**

3816. The Portuguese control of Macao and the British control of Hong Kong in China are examples of

- (1) collectivization (3) self-determination
(2) **imperialism** (4) containment

2764. "Take up the White Man's Burden –

Send forth the best ye breed –

Go, bind your sons to exile

To serve your captives' need. . . ."

— Rudyard Kipling, *The Five Nations* (1903)

The words of this poem have been used to support the practice of

- (1) **imperialism** (3) cultural borrowing
(2) isolationism (4) self-determination

2640. To which period does the slogan "The Sun never sets on the British Empire" refer?

- (1) Middle Ages (3) **Age of Imperialism**
(2) Protestant Reformation (4) Glorious Revolution

2154. The borders that were established for many African nations during the late 1800's were based primarily on

- (1) natural geographic barriers
(2) easy access to natural resources
(3) **territorial claims of colonial rulers**
(4) cultural differences between ethnic groups

3753. Base your answer to the following question on the map below and on your knowledge of social studies.

Eastern Asia in 1914



Source: Robert Feeney et al., *Brief Review in Global Studies*, Prentice Hall (adapted)

This map illustrates the concept of

- (1) ethnocentrism (3) containment
(2) socialism (4) **imperialism**

1457. The major factor that enabled Western Europe to dominate large parts of Asia and Africa in the 19th and early 20th centuries was the

- (1) **technological and military superiority of European nations**
(2) acceptance of Christianity by many Asians and Africans
(3) desire of Asians and Africans for European raw materials
(4) refusal of Asians and Africans to fight against European imperialism

910. British control over South Africa, French control over Indochina, and Spanish control over Mexico are examples of

- (1) isolationism (3) nonalignment
(2) appeasement (4) **imperialism**

664. European nations acquired colonies in Southeast Asia mainly to

- (1) **gain resources and markets for their industries**
(2) obtain land to resettle their surplus population
(3) foster a spirit of international interdependence
(4) prevent China from gaining dominance in the region

3755. Base your answer to the following question on the passage below and on your knowledge of social studies.

. . . In order to obtain Arab support in the War, the British Government promised the Sherif of Mecca in 1915 that, in the event of an Allied victory, the greater part of the Arab provinces of the Turkish Empire would become independent. The Arabs understood that Palestine would be included in the sphere of independence.

In order to obtain the support of World Jewry, the British Government in 1917 issued the Balfour Declaration. The Jews understood that, if the experiment of establishing a Jewish National Home succeeded and a sufficient number of Jews went to Palestine, the National Home might develop in course of time into a Jewish State.

— Summary of the Report of the Palestine Royal Commission, 1937

Which conclusion is best supported by this passage?

- (1) The British made no promises to either the Arabs or the Jews,
- (2) **The Arab-Israeli conflict can be traced in part to British promises.**
- (3) The United Nations did not try to prevent conflict in the Middle East.
- (4) Only the Jews were promised an independent state in Palestine.

3200. Base your answer to following question on the excerpt below and on your knowledge of social studies. This excerpt is taken from a poem written about World War I.

"If I should die, think only this of me: That there's some corner of a foreign field. That is for ever England. There shall be In that rich earth a richer dust concealed; A dust whom England bore, shaped, made aware, Gave, once, her flowers to love, her ways to roam, A body of England's, breathing English air, Washed by the rivers, blest by suns of home. . . ."

— Rupert Brooke, "The Soldier"

Which idea is expressed in this excerpt from Brooke's poem?

- (1) pacifism
- (2) neutrality
- (3) **nationalism**
- (4) anarchy

2220. One significant change that Kemal Ataturk introduced in Turkey was

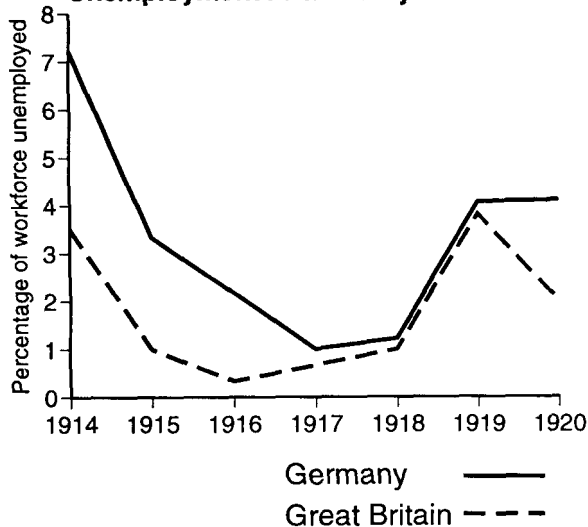
- (1) replacing secular schools with traditional Islamic schools
- (2) **giving women many political and legal rights**
- (3) uniting the Islamic and Armenian populations
- (4) replacing European law with Islamic law

2950. Which statement explains the decline in unemployment rates in Britain between 1914 and 1918?

- (1) **World War I generated jobs at home in England and in the military.**
- (2) Many new jobs were available in Britain's African colonies.
- (3) Assembly-line production of consumer goods required more workers.
- (4) The British were buying huge amounts of war materials from the United States.

Base your answers to questions 2648 and 2649 on the graph below and on your knowledge of social studies.

Unemployment in Germany and Britain



Source: European Historical Statistics, 1750-1975

2648. According to the graph, in what year was the difference between British and German unemployment levels the greatest?

- (1) **1914**
- (2) 1915
- (3) 1919
- (4) 1920

2649. Which global event caused the overall reduction of unemployment between 1914 and 1918?

- (1) the Great Depression
- (2) completion of the Panama Canal
- (3) **World War I**
- (4) World War II

2219. The technology developed during World War I resulted in

- (1) smaller nations becoming part of larger empires after the war
- (2) a smaller number of refugees during the war
- (3) **increased military casualties in battles fought during the war**
- (4) a slowdown in transportation improvements after the war

A. Treaty of Versailles and Worldwide Depression

Base your answers to questions 3946 through 3948 on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.

“THIS WILL MAKE YOU FORGET THE PEACE TERMS.”



Source: Rollin Kirby, *The New York World*, March 28, 1919 (adapted)

3562. Base your answer to the following question on the map below.



Source: Geoffrey Barraclough, ed., *Hammond Concise Atlas of World History*, Hammond, 1998 (adapted)

Which time period in German history is most accurately represented in this map?

- (1) between World War I and World War II
- (2) just after the Berlin Conference
- (3) immediately after the Congress of Vienna
- (4) during unification under Bismarck

2769. The harsh terms included in the treaties ending World War I have been used to explain the

- (1) Fascist Revolution in Spain
- (2) Bolshevik Revolution in Russia
- (3) rise of Nazism in Germany
- (4) Armenian massacre in Turkey

Base your answers to questions 2722 and 2723 on the quotation below and on your knowledge of social studies.

“The Allied . . . governments . . . affirm, and Germany accepts, the responsibility . . . for causing all the loss and damage to which the Allied . . . governments and their nationals have been subjected as a consequence of the war imposed on them by the aggression of Germany. . . .”

2722. This passage is taken from which historical document?

- (1) United Nations Charter
- (2) Treaty of Portsmouth
- (3) Atlantic Charter
- (4) Treaty of Versailles

2723. What was a result of the provisions of this document?

- (1) Allied governments helped rebuild the German economy.
- (2) Resentments about these provisions contributed to the growth of Nazism in Germany.
- (3) The ideas in these provisions served as the basis for the European Union.
- (4) The provisions became a blueprint for lasting peace in Germany.

3946. This cartoonist is referring to the way Germany was affected in 1919 by

- (1) the Congress of Vienna
- (2) its defeat of Napoleon
- (3) the Treaty of Versailles
- (4) its defeat in World War II

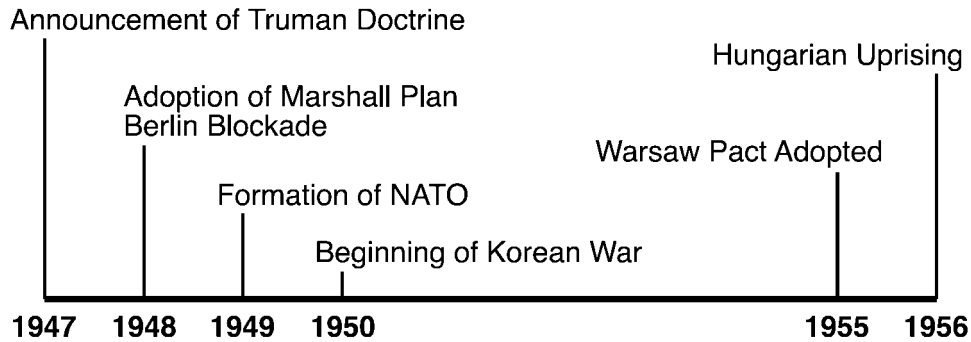
3948. This 1919 cartoon suggests that Germany may come under the influence of

- (1) moderates
- (2) conservatives
- (3) radicals
- (4) isolationists

2843. Which newspaper headline illustrates a policy of appeasement?

- (1) “Dien Bien Phu Falls; French to Leave Vietnam”
- (2) “Chamberlain Agrees to German Demands: Sudetenland to Germany”
- (3) “Marshall Plan Proposes Economic Aid Program for Europe”
- (4) “Soviet Troops and Tanks Crush Hungarian Revolt”

2959. Base your answer to question time line below.



All the events on the time line show actions taken during the

- (1) policy of appeasement (2) decline of nationalism (3) **Cold War** (4) Green Revolution

4075. The primary purpose of the United Nations is to

- (1) control world grain prices
 (2) promote democratic governments
 (3) **resolve conflicts between nations peacefully**
 (4) unite all nations militarily through alliances

3011. The United Nations was created primarily to

- (1) prosecute persons accused of war crimes
 (2) contain the spread of communism
 (3) channel relief aid to war-torn nations
 (4) **provide a means of solving international problems**

2597. Which heading would best complete the partial outline below?

<p>I.</p> <p>A. Signing of the Warsaw Pact</p> <p>B. Creation of Soviet satellite states</p> <p>C. Berlin blockade</p> <p>D. Cuban missile crisis</p>

- (1) Actions of the United Nations
 (2) Formation of the Commonwealth of Independent States
 (3) **Events of the Cold War**
 (4) Causes of World War II

2531. The Berlin Blockade in 1948, the Hungarian Revolt of 1956, and the invasion of Afghanistan in 1979 all demonstrated that the Soviet Union

- (1) wanted to join the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)
 (2) used economic sanctions to achieve its foreign policy goals
 (3) **was willing to use military force in situations that challenged its power**
 (4) hoped to advance its economy through cultural exchange

4020. Base your answer to the question below on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.



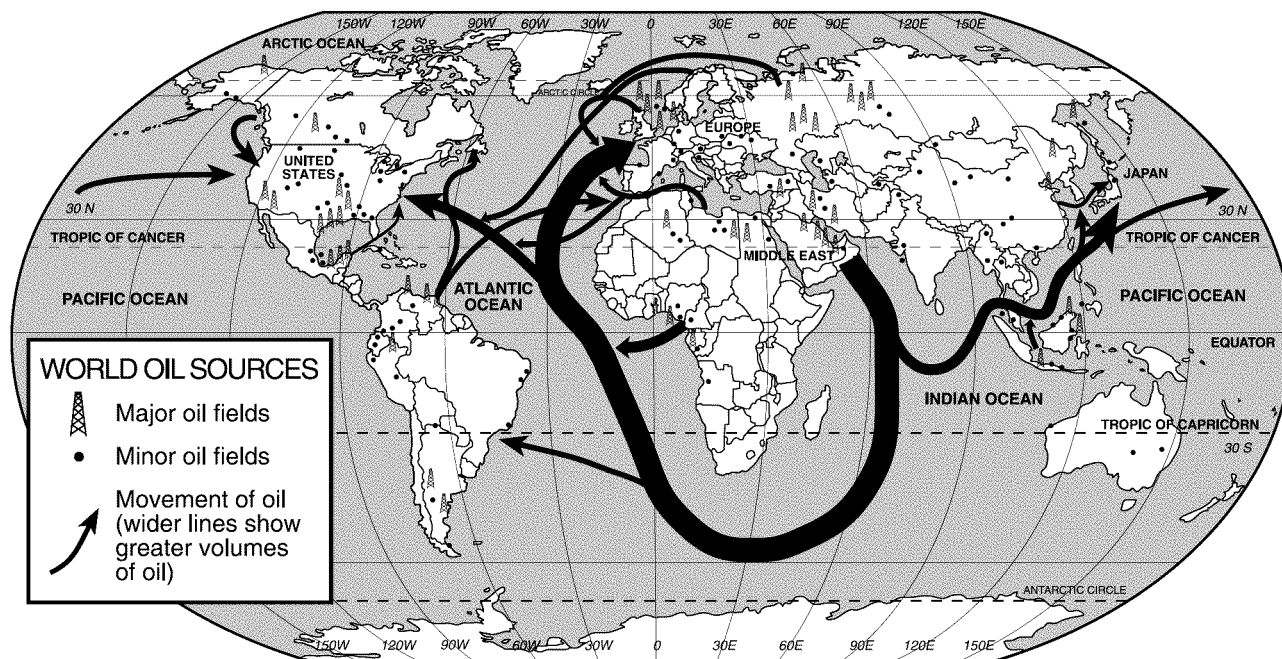
The Meeting Will Now Come To Order

Source: D. R. Fitzpatrick, *St. Louis Post-Dispatch* (adapted)

The main idea of this 1949 cartoon is that the United Nations would

- (1) work to solve pollution problems
 (2) meet only when world crises erupted
 (3) **bridge the gap between world powers**
 (4) prevent the Cold War

Base your answers to questions 3275 and 3276 on the map below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: Richard G. Boehm et al., *Building Skills in Geography*, Glencoe McGraw-Hill, 1996 (adapted)

3275. Which conclusion is supported by the information provided on the map?

- (1) Russia is very dependent on imported oil.
 (2) **The United States exports little or no oil.**
 (3) South America exports more oil than Africa does.
 (4) Most of the oil from the Middle East goes to Japan.

3276. This map best illustrates the concept of

- (1) assimilation (2) protectionism (3) **interdependence** (4) imperialism

4078. The Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) is best known for its efforts to

- (1) develop workable alternatives to fossil fuels
 (2) bring Western oil technology to the Middle East
 (3) stop the export of oil to non-Arab nations
 (4) **establish production quotas to control the price of oil**

4017. Which group of countries earns much of their revenue from the sale of oil?

- (1) China, Korea, Jordan
 (2) Turkey, Brazil, Lebanon
 (3) Argentina, Malaysia, Chile
 (4) **Saudi Arabia, Nigeria, Venezuela**

3014. A major goal of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) in world affairs is to

- (1) encourage development of alternative energy sources
 (2) promote international free trade
 (3) provide funds for the World Bank
 (4) **regulate oil policies**

2834. Since the 1970s, the wealth of many Middle Eastern nations was increased by the

- (1) formation of the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO)
 (2) expansion of Islamic fundamentalism
 (3) **creation of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)**
 (4) development of communes in Israel

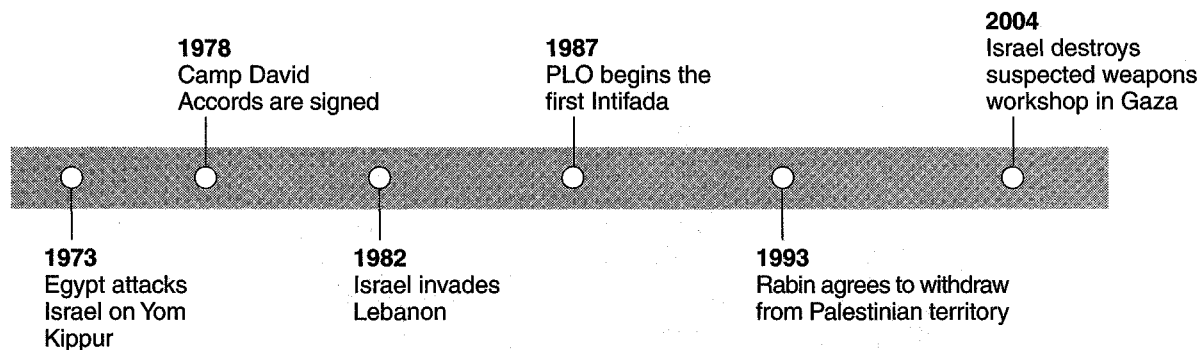
2160. Since the creation of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), member nations have joined together to

- (1) **determine the supply of oil on the world market**
 (2) establish a policy of independence in trade
 (3) maintain a low price of oil per barrel
 (4) isolate themselves from the rest of the world

949. Which Asian nation has recently become a major industrial rival of Japan?

- (1) Myanmar (Burma) (3) Vietnam
 (2) the Philippines (4) **South Korea**

3890. Base your answer to the following question on the time line below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Which conclusion can be drawn from this time line?

- (1) Israel withdrew from the Camp David Accords.
- (2) The Palestinian army is superior to the Israeli army.
- (3) **Long-lasting peace in the Middle East has been difficult to achieve.**
- (4) Neighboring countries have not been involved in the Arab-Israeli conflict.

4265. Which document is most closely associated with the Arab-Israeli conflict?

- (1) **Balfour Declaration**
- (2) Kyoto Protocol
- (3) *Communist Manifesto*
- (4) Treaty of Nanjing

4094. Poles in 1918 and Jews prior to 1948 are examples of

- (1) **peoples without their own state**
- (2) colonized peoples in the British Empire
- (3) groups that joined the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)
- (4) groups represented on the United Nations Security Council

3567. Since 1948, a major reason for the conflict between Arabs and Israelis is that each side

- (1) wants the huge oil reserves that lie under the disputed land
- (2) believes that the United States favors the other side in the conflict
- (3) **claims sovereignty over the same land**
- (4) seeks to control trade on the eastern end of the Mediterranean Sea

3317. The movement started by journalist Theodor Herzl to promote an independent Jewish state in Palestine is referred to as

- (1) the Reconquista
- (2) the Diaspora
- (3) Utopianism
- (4) **Zionism**

2776. A major source of the dispute between the Israelis and the Palestinians is that each side

- (1) wants to control oil resources in the area
- (2) **has historic ties to the same land**
- (3) believes in different interpretations of the same religion
- (4) has close military alliances with neighboring countries

Base your answers to questions 3694 and 3695 on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: Jeff Koterba, *Omaha World Herald*, 2003 (adapted)

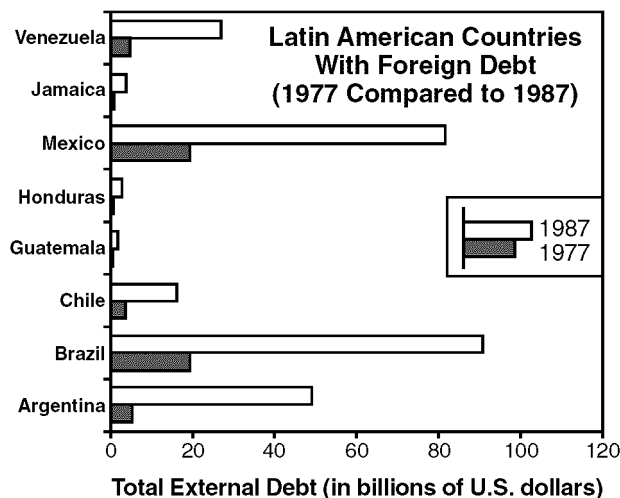
3694. What is the main idea of this 2003 cartoon?

- (1) **There are problems to resolve on the road to peace.**
- (2) Colin Powell has removed the stumbling blocks to peace.
- (3) Both groups have reached agreement on the road map for peace.
- (4) The road to peace has been carefully mapped.

3695. This 2003 cartoon illustrates the struggle between Palestinians and

- (1) Iraqis
- (2) Hamas
- (3) Egyptians
- (4) **Israelis**

3270. Base your answer to the following question on the graph below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Sources: *World Bank Development Report, 1979*
and *World Bank Development Report, 1989*
(adapted)

According to information provided by the graph, which Latin American nation had the greatest ten-year increase in foreign debt in billions of U.S. dollars between 1977 and 1987?

- (1) **Brazil** (3) Mexico
(2) Argentina (4) Venezuela

3146. The main purpose of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) and the European Union (EU) is to

(1) increase the authority of the United Nations
(2) **encourage increased economic development**
(3) promote peace between nations
(4) establish and enforce military alliances

3087. The reason that the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) greatly influences the world today is that it

(1) commands the loyalty of the worldwide Islamic community
(2) develops and exports important technology
(3) controls access to trade routes between the East and West
(4) **manages the oil supply that affects the global economy**

2716. The main purpose of the European Union (EU) and the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) is to

(1) reduce the spread of nuclear weapons
(2) address the problem of international political corruption
(3) increase educational opportunities for underdeveloped nations
(4) **stimulate economic growth for participating countries**

2656. Pacts such as the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), the European Union (EU), and the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) reflect a movement toward

- (1) national policies of protectionism
(2) **the growth of global interdependence**
(3) a rebirth of command economies
(4) a reliance on social welfare policies

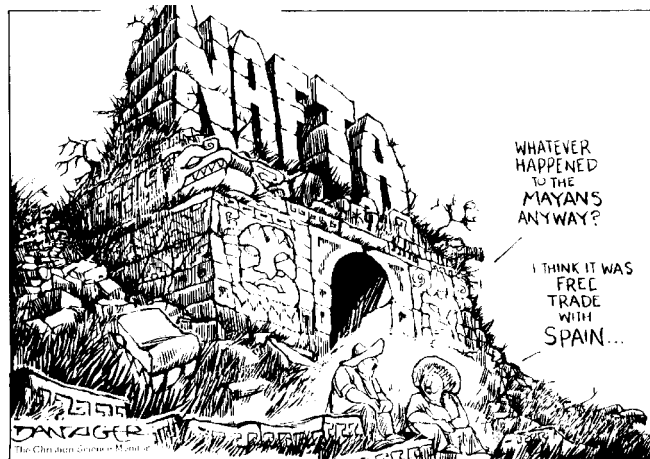
2105. The principal aim of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) and the European Union is to

(1) keep communism out of the Western Hemisphere
(2) reduce environmental pollution
(3) **increase economic cooperation between the member nations**
(4) eliminate global terrorism

281. What is a result of the trade imbalance in recent decades between Japan and the United States?

(1) Japan has limited its manufacturing because of declining markets in the United States.
(2) Japan has stopped advertising Japanese-made goods in the United States.
(3) **The United States has threatened to raise tariffs and establish quotas on products from Japan.**
(4) The United States has prohibited the importation of products from Japan.

246. Base your answer on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.



What is the main idea of this cartoon?

- (1) Ancient ruins and artifacts are often destroyed by modern technology.
(2) Trade agreements are sometimes used to reestablish direct colonial rule.
(3) **Trade agreements sometimes have negative consequences.**
(4) The civil rights of native peoples are usually recognized by industrialized nations.

4268. One way in which the Aswan Dam in Egypt and the Three Gorges Dam in China are similar is that both
- (1) convert salt water to freshwater
 - (2) **harness natural forces to produce energy**
 - (3) provide fertilizers for agricultural production
 - (4) connect small bodies of water to larger bodies of water

4148. Which Cold War event occurred *last*?

- (1) Cuban missile crisis
- (2) Korean War
- (3) **fall of the Berlin Wall**
- (4) Soviet invasion of Afghanistan

3792. Slash-and-burn techniques are typically practiced by

- (1) people who live along rivers that deposit rich soil during floods
- (2) **subsistence farmers who plant an area until the soil loses its fertility**
- (3) farmers who rely on chemical fertilization and pesticides
- (4) nomads who use pastures for their livestock

3509. How do some Latin American governments justify the destruction of the rain forests?

- (1) **Cattle raising, farming, and mining in the rain forest will help the economy.**
- (2) Manufacturers no longer use the latex produced by the trees of the rain forest.
- (3) People who live in the rain forest are moving to the cities.
- (4) Drug trafficking will decrease when the protection of the rain forests is gone.

3330. • Chernobyl experiences nuclear disaster.
• Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC) deplete the ozone layer.
• Rivers and seas are polluted throughout the world.

Which conclusion can best be drawn from these statements?

- (1) **Modern technology can have serious negative effects.**
- (2) Today's environment renews itself.
- (3) Only developing nations have environmental problems.
- (4) Most environmental problems originate in Europe.

3268. Deforestation, acid rain, and the greenhouse effect are major world problems that indicate a need for

- (1) **cooperation between nations to reduce pollution and environmental destruction**
- (2) the development of mass transit systems in developing nations
- (3) an increase in the worldwide production of oil
- (4) a reduction in crop production in some areas of the world

2901. During the late 20th century, in which area did deforestation become a serious problem?

- (1) Great European Plain
- (2) **Amazon Basin**
- (3) Deccan Plateau
- (4) Great Rift Valley

3148. Base your answer to the following question on the cartoon below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: Dan Wasserman, Tribune Media Services, Inc.

The concern expressed in this cartoon is most closely related to the consequences of

- (1) rapid migration of animals to the Northern Hemisphere
- (2) further exploration of the Arctic Ocean
- (3) **industrialization and the burning of fossil fuels**
- (4) slow economic growth in developing nations

3085. The global problems of pollution, acid rain, and the breakdown of the ozone layer indicate a need for

- (1) **greater international cooperation**
- (2) increased urbanization
- (3) a balance of trade between nations
- (4) an increase in space exploration

2904. The problems created by the deterioration of the Earth's ozone layer and increases in the amounts of acid rain suggest a worldwide need for

- (1) rapid industrialization of developing economies
- (2) better health-care programs
- (3) nuclear-powered electric generating facilities
- (4) **stricter pollution regulations**

2838. • Nuclear accident at Chernobyl in the former Soviet Union

- Dumping of toxic waste in the ocean
- Cutting down the rain forest in Africa and South America

Which conclusion can be drawn from these situations?

- (1) **Environmental problems need global solutions.**
- (2) The fall of the Soviet Union has caused severe environmental hazards.
- (3) Technology has helped the world stop polluting the environment
- (4) Only nations that create environmental problems will suffer from them.